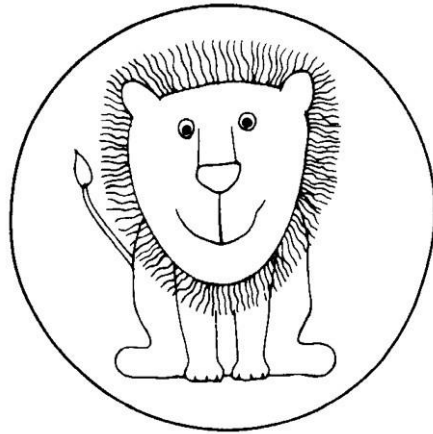




Linslade Lower School Educational Visits Policy

Policy ratified- March 2026
Next review- March 2029

Policy review chronology:

March 2026	New Policy to be read in conjunction with CBC Educational Visits Policy	Approved
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Introduction

This policy covers all educational visits that occur outside the school premises. This ranges from walks around the locality to residential visits of a day's duration. It also includes Outdoor and Adventurous Activities.

This policy has been developed to ensure that the school is compliant with statutory, local and best practice guidance, including:

- Health and Safety: Advice for Schools
- Central Beds Council policies

A policy such as this cannot cover all eventualities which might be encountered, but seeks to put in place a framework within which group leaders and/or the EVC can seek to apply their own decision-making processes.

Aims and Objectives for Educational Visits

Through a programme of structured educational visits, which are effectively linked to the curriculum, we aim to:

- Provide our children with first-hand experiences
- Develop a detailed knowledge of our local community
- Provide opportunities for sporting fixtures and competitions
- Make the most of opportunities which are offered locally and beyond
- Provide the opportunity for a residential visit at least once as children progress through school
- Ensure that all such visits are conducted in a safe manner.

We run a wide range of educational visits. These may include:

- Participation in local events, such as sporting fixtures, theatre performances, etc.
- Day visits to places of historical, environmental, religious or other interest to support specific curriculum areas.
- Opportunities to participate in cultural activities, such as theatre performances, trips and visits.

Responsibilities

Responsibilities for Health and Safety on school visits are determined as follows:

- The Governing Body ensure that there are robust procedures for the management of Health & Safety in place within the school, and monitors the effectiveness of these procedures.
- The Headteacher develops procedures in line with national guidance; ensures that staff are aware of national, local and school policy; and quality assures risk assessments for each visit to ensure that safe practice is being followed.
- The EVC will be a member of the school staff appointed to coordinate all Visits and with the status to effect change and be the focus of monitoring good practice.
- The Designated Visit Leader takes overall responsibility for the well-being of the children during the visit, provides a risk assessment, and adapts this according to any circumstances which may occur.
- The office staff takes responsibility for ensuring that any adults participating in a school visit comply with requirements for DBS checks, etc.

The Visit Leadership Team (staff and those volunteers with DBS check) take immediate responsibility for a group of children, follows risk assessments, and ensures that children are

kept safe at all times. The school's Educational Visits Co-ordinator (EVC) is: Hazel Farlam
Risk Assessment

Risk assessments are made for all Educational Visits on Evolve (CBC Education Visits Portal). This requires that the Group Leader, where possible, has made a pre-visit in order to be able to plan for the visit and to conduct a Risk Assessment appropriately.

Risk Assessments must be simple, manageable, proportional, suitable and sufficient. The system must:

- identify significant hazards;
- assess the risk of harm;
- put control measures in place;
- check if anything else is needed;
- use a simple assessment language

Risk Assessment considers the site and its environment, the group, the activity and the leaders. Risk assessments must be agreed on Evolve by the Headteacher, before the visit takes place, and kept on file.

Approval of staff to lead activities and visits

The headteacher, alongside the EVC, will have responsibility to approve staff who lead or accompany activities and visits. This will be based on the experience of the activity, knowledge of the activity and knowledge of the needs of the children and staff on the visit. If establishment staff are to lead adventure activities, they must be properly assessed as competent to do so.

Financing Educational Visits

The school complies with the Education Act 1996 (section 451), and the procedure is outlined in the school's Charging and Remissions policy.

Emergency Procedures

It is the responsibility of the EVC to ensure that emergency arrangements are in place for all Educational Visits. This includes ensuring that all involved know who the emergency contact point in the school is for each visit. During school hours, this would be the EVC/Head or, if the EVC/Head is accompanying the trip, the most senior member of staff present in school. For out-of-hours and residential visits, the Visit Leadership Team will be provided with 24-hour contact details for the EVC/Head. A generic risk assessment covers likely emergency scenarios.

Policy Review

As with all policies, it is the responsibility of the Governors to evaluate the effectiveness of this policy and the practice that it describes. On a day-to-day basis, this responsibility is delegated to the Headteacher, who will report back to the governing body as appropriate.

APPENDIX 1: PROCEDURE FOR ARRANGING A SCHOOL VISIT

1. Local visits (on foot)
2. Day visits (which usually involve coach hire)
3. Overnight stay on school grounds

The Headteacher should agree in principle on the visit, date and cost. A risk assessment should be received, using the agreed format, for all visits at least a week (category 1), two weeks

(category 2), or 3 months (category 3) in advance. The risk assessment should be based on a detailed understanding of the location to be visited, which may necessitate a pre-visit. The Headteacher should see the letter to parents before it is sent. The letter to parents should include the objective for the visit, the organisation of the day (including transport), and a reference to the school's charging policy (where applicable). For 'free' visits, the group leader and/or class teacher should collect reply slips (or online equivalent). For costed visits, replies, and permissions should come through the office to ensure that all finances are accounted for. Most trips are arranged and paid for via the online payment platform.

A group register should be compiled for every visit, which includes the names of all children attending the visit and details of their medical needs. If prepared in advance, this should be updated on the day by blanking out any children who are absent.

A copy should be left with:

- The school office
- The visit leader
- Any other school staff attending the visit

The emergency contact details of all children should be easily accessible. This may be via the school office, but it is essential that trips which run beyond the school day (e.g. residential, late evenings, weekends), when the office may be closed, should have access to all emergency numbers and details on file.

Preparing pupils for the visit

Providing information and guidance to pupils is an important part of preparing for a school visit. Pupils should have a clear understanding of what is expected of them and what the visit will entail. Pupils must understand what standard of behaviour is expected and why rules must be followed. Lack of control and discipline can be a major contributory factor when accidents occur. Pupils should also be told about any potential dangers and how they should act to ensure their own and others' safety. Pupils should be involved in planning, implementing and evaluating their own curricular work and have opportunities to take different roles within an activity. This could include considering any health and safety issues.

Generic Risk Assessment

A generic risk assessment, which covers likely potential hazards, is available within the staff shared area. This should be adapted to take account of the local context and the specific needs of students. For regular events (e.g. swimming), it is acceptable to put in place a risk assessment which covers the whole year; however, any 'new' activities introduced may also need to be risk assessed.

Appendix 2:

Some things to consider during the trip:

First Aid cover should always be planned for. This should take into account:

- The nature of the activity.
- The nature of the group.
- The likely injuries associated with the activity.
- The extent to which the group will be isolated from the support of the emergency services (both in terms of distance and response time). Qualified first-aiders may not be necessary for all

off-site activities and visits. However, a basic level of first aid support must be available at all times. This will require that one or more of the staff leading the activity:

- Has a working knowledge of simple first aid and is competent to use the first aid materials carried with the group.
- Knows how to access, and is able to access, qualified first aid support.
- Carries a first aid kit.

For children in the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS), there is a statutory requirement that at least one person who has a current paediatric first aid certificate must accompany children on outings. As a school, we expect that First Aid kits are carried on all visits; access to First Aid is signposted to all staff and volunteers; and that qualified First Aiders will be always be present on the following types of visits:

- Forest Schools
- EYFS visits
- Visits to remote locations or where there is no obvious access to First Aid (parks, beaches, woods)
- Residential visits Risk assessments for other visits should cover where First Aid provision can be accessed.

The Use of External Providers

The school will ensure that any external providers used for hazardous activities are appropriately accredited and licensed. Examples of such schemes include:

- Learning Outside the Classroom (LOtC) Quality Badge (covers both quality and safety of all activities offered).

Maintenance of records

Risk assessments for school activities are maintained in the Headteacher's office. They will be retained for two academic years, except where there has been an incident recorded, in which case they will be retained in accordance with the relevant protocols for the retention of data. Where children are close to water (for example, a lake in the local park), this must be specifically considered within the risk assessment. Where children are using inland stretches of water, consideration should also be given to the transmission of infection, such as Weil's disease.

Farm visits: Consideration should be given to:

- Farm machinery
- Infections from e coli or other diseases
- Risk from animal bites, etc.
- Handwashing facilities
- Safety standards and animal welfare

Medical Needs Pupils with additional needs should be included in school visits and this should be planned for. Where a medical need might lead to risk (for the pupil or others), this should be incorporated into the risk assessment. The Headteacher reserves the right to withdraw pupils from educational visits on the grounds of behaviour. This is not a sanction, and would only be made where the pupils' behaviour is likely to create Health & Safety issues on the visit. Inhalers,

EpiPens, etc. must be carried by the adult responsible for the group. It is the responsibility of the group leader to ensure that pupils with medical conditions are identified and that this information is shared on a need-to-know basis with those who might be taking responsibility for the pupil.

Crossing Roads If you are likely to cross a road on your visit with a group of children, plan to cross using Pelican Crossings or Zebra Crossings. If these are not within a suitable walking distance, discuss with the school's EVC the resources needed to follow best practice: When crossing major roads, adults should wear fluorescent jackets. Two adults should stop the traffic, one on each side of the carriageway, facing the oncoming traffic. Only when the traffic has stopped moving should a third adult lead the children across the road.

Headcounts

Regular headcounts should be undertaken throughout the visit. These must always include: when leaving the school building; when seated on the coach before embarking (both outward and return journey); and at any other transition points throughout the day (e.g. the end of lunchtime).

Sun Safety

When organising an outdoor visit in the summer, consideration should be given to the risk of sunburn and heatstroke. Measures taken to prevent this are likely to include:

- Wearing tops which cover the shoulders

- Wearing sunhats
- Having access to shade and/or drinking water
- Not participating in activities which are too energetic.

Teachers should be aware of any allergies within the group, particularly if pupils are able to purchase food during the visit. Children should not share packed lunches etc.

Money & valuables

Children should not be required to bring money on a trip or visit. If there are necessary costs, these should be factored into the published price of the visit. Where children are allowed to bring money, for example, to visit a souvenir shop, group leaders must:

- Decide whether children (in the case of older pupils) or adults are responsible for the money, and
- Set a maximum amount to be brought.

Children must not bring valuables (phones, electronics, etc.) on trips.

Emergencies

All visit leaders and staff should carry the school Emergency Card.

In the event of an emergency, staff should:

- Keep calm
- Put the welfare of the children first at all times.
- Risk assess continually and take steps to avoid further accident injury.
- Follow directions given by the group leader, or by those in a position of authority (venue staff, emergency services).
- Contact the emergency services first (if required), followed by the Headteacher and the school.

The Headteacher will inform the local authority where required.

- Contact the group leader if they have become separated from them.

NOTE. This appendix provides consideration for decisions made on school visits and should be used as a guide. All visits should be planned thoroughly with all the staff in the Visit's Leadership Team attending a meeting, if possible, to determine the itinerary, risk assessment and discuss the needs of specific children.

